Tell us what you think. Provide feedback to help make American Community Survey data more useful for you.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years:

	Alaska											
	Total		Percent Total		Male		Percent Male		Female		Percent	Female
Subject	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margi of Erro
Population 16 to 64 years	499,256	+/-1,760	499,256	+/-1,760	264,901	+/-2,290	264,901	+/-2,290	234,355	+/-2,157	234,355	+/-2,1
WEEKS WORKED												
Worked 50 to 52 weeks	269,484	+/-5,398	54.0%	+/-1.1	151,004	+/-4,078	57.0%	+/-1.6	118,480	+/-3,620	50.6%	+/-1
Worked 48 to 49 weeks	9,855	+/-1,437	2.0%	+/-0.3	5,299	+/-1,184	2.0%	+/-0.4	4,556	+/-1,015	1.9%	+/-0
Worked 40 to 47 weeks	28,256	+/-2,404	5.7%	+/-0.5	14,371	+/-1,630	5.4%	+/-0.6	13,885	+/-1,885	5.9%	+/-(
Worked 27 to 39 weeks	35,496	+/-3,147	7.1%	+/-0.6	19,596	+/-2,524	7.4%	+/-0.9	15,900	+/-2,198	6.8%	+/-(
Worked 14 to 26 weeks	32,530	+/-3,043	6.5%	+/-0.6	18,193	+/-2,302	6.9%	+/-0.9	14,337	+/-1,877	6.1%	+/-(
Worked 1 to 13 weeks	31,946	+/-2,351	6.4%	+/-0.5	18,153	+/-1,898	6.9%	+/-0.7	13,793	+/-1,517	5.9%	+/-(
Did not work	91,689	+/-3,933	18.4%	+/-0.8	38,285	+/-2,589	14.5%	+/-1.0	53,404	+/-3,104	22.8%	+/-
USUAL HOURS WORKED												
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	319,253	+/-5,091	63.9%	+/-1.0	189,616	+/-3,861	71.6%	+/-1.4	129,637	+/-3,989	55.3%	+/-1
50 to 52 weeks	232,386	+/-5,124	46.5%	+/-1.0	136,325	+/-4,059	51.5%	+/-1.5	96,061	+/-3,386	41.0%	+/-
48 to 49 weeks	7,695	+/-1,418	1.5%	+/-0.3	4,869	+/-1,150	1.8%	+/-0.4	2,826	+/-804	1.2%	+/-
40 to 47 weeks	20,802	+/-2,373	4.2%	+/-0.5	11,685	+/-1,685	4.4%	+/-0.6	9,117	+/-1,561	3.9%	+/-
27 to 39 weeks	22,196	+/-2,527	4.4%	+/-0.5	14,104	+/-2,172	5.3%	+/-0.8	8,092	+/-1,672	3.5%	+/-
14 to 26 weeks	20,000	+/-2,227	4.0%	+/-0.4	12,415	+/-1,810	4.7%	+/-0.7	7,585	+/-1,409	3.2%	+/-
1 to 13 weeks	16,174	+/-1,800	3.2%	+/-0.4	10,218	+/-1,454	3.9%	+/-0.5	5,956	+/-1,166	2.5%	+/-(
Usually worked 15 to 34 hours per week	71,854	+/-3,899	14.4%	+/-0.8	30,801	+/-2,722	11.6%	+/-1.0	41,053	+/-2,893	17.5%	+/-1
50 to 52 weeks	33,572	+/-2,711	6.7%	+/-0.5	13,505	+/-2,038	5.1%	+/-0.8	20,067	+/-2,074	8.6%	+/-(
48 to 49 weeks	1,852	+/-652	0.4%	+/-0.1	282	+/-171	0.1%	+/-0.1	1,570	+/-660	0.7%	+/-(
40 to 47 weeks	6,020	+/-1,132	1.2%	+/-0.2	2,284	+/-639	0.9%	+/-0.2	3,736	+/-897	1.6%	+/-
27 to 39 weeks	10,271	+/-1,653	2.1%	+/-0.3	4,614	+/-1,231	1.7%	+/-0.5	5,657	+/-1,216	2.4%	+/-
14 to 26 weeks	10,391	+/-1,858	2.1%	+/-0.4	4,456	+/-1,207	1.7%	+/-0.5	5,935	+/-1,329	2.5%	+/-
1 to 13 weeks	9,748	+/-1,320	2.0%	+/-0.3	5,660	+/-1,109	2.1%	+/-0.4	4,088	+/-836	1.7%	+/-
Usually worked 1 to 14 hours per week	16,460	+/-1,827	3.3%	+/-0.4	6,199	+/-1,212	2.3%	+/-0.5	10,261	+/-1,491	4.4%	+/-
50 to 52 weeks	3,526	+/-838	0.7%	+/-0.2	1,174	+/-416	0.4%	+/-0.2	2,352	+/-754	1.0%	+/-
48 to 49 weeks	308	+/-188	0.1%	+/-0.1	148	+/-139	0.1%	+/-0.1	160	+/-121	0.1%	+/-
40 to 47 weeks	1,434	+/-556	0.3%	+/-0.1	402	+/-295	0.2%	+/-0.1	1,032	+/-486	0.4%	+/-
27 to 39 weeks	3,029	+/-954	0.6%	+/-0.2	878	+/-435	0.3%	+/-0.2	2,151	+/-835	0.9%	+/-
14 to 26 weeks	2,139	+/-616	0.4%	+/-0.1	1,322	+/-576	0.5%	+/-0.2	817	+/-303	0.3%	+/-
1 to 13 weeks	6,024	+/-858	1.2%	+/-0.2	2,275	+/-668	0.9%	+/-0.3	3,749	+/-598	1.6%	+/-
Did not work	91,689	+/-3,933	18.4%	+/-0.8	38,285	+/-2,589	14.5%	+/-1.0	53,404	+/-3,104	22.8%	+/-
Mean usual hours worked for workers	41.6	+/-0.4	(X)	(X)	44.5	+/-0.6	(X)	(X)	37.9	+/-0.6	(X)	
Median age of workers 16 to 64 years	37.9	+/-0.5	(X)	(X)	37.5	+/-0.6	(X)	(X)	38.2	+/-0.4	(X)	
Workers 16 to 64 years who worked full-time, year-round	232,386	+/-5,124	57.0%	+/-1.1	136,325	+/-4,059	60.2%	+/-1.7	96,061	+/-3,386	53.1%	+/-

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An ***** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate. An ****** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2016 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.